(ख) गुजरात और अन्य राज्यों को रायल्टी के रूप में अनुमानतः कितनी राशि प्राप्त होने की संभावना है और पिछले निर्णय के अनुसार रायल्टी की दर क्या थी; और

(ग) गुजरात और अन्य तेल उत्पादक राज्यों से तेल प्राप्त करने के संबंध में ब्यौरा क्या है और इन राज्यों को प्रति वर्ष कितनी रायल्टी प्राप्त होगी ?

विद्युत विभाग में राज्य मंत्री तथा पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती सुशीला रोहतगी) : (क) और (ख) क्रूड के मूल मूल्य (बेस प्राइस) में कोई परिवर्तन नहीं किया गया है। ऐसा निर्णय लिया गया है कि 1-4-1984 से क्रूड तेल पर रायल्टी को बढ़ाकर 192/- रुपये प्रति मी० टन कर दिया जाए। गुजरात और असम को देय रायल्टी की राशि क्रमशः 87 करोड़ रुपये और 104 करोड़ रुपये है। पिछले निर्णय के अनुसार रायल्टी की दर 61/ रुपये प्रति मी० टन थी।

(ग) वर्ष 1985-86 के दौरान के प्राकृतिक गैस के उत्पादन और उपयोग के विवरण संलग्न विवरण में दिये गये हैं और वह सभा पटल पर प्रस्तुत है (नीचे देखिये)। राज्यों को गैस के कूप शीर्ष मूल्य का 10 प्रतिशत रायल्टी के रूप में मिलता है।

विवरण

(प्रति दिन मी० घन० मी०)

स्थान	उत्पादन	आन्तरिक रूप से प्रयुक्त और उपभोक्ता को सप्लाई किया गया	जलाई गई।
पश्चिमी अपतट (बम्बई हाई)	14.20	8.40	5.80
पश्चिमी तट (गुजरात क्षेत्र)	2.52	2.20	0 32
पूर्वी क्षेत्र	5.57	3.13	2.44-
	22.29	13.73	8.56-

Amendment to Indian Telegraph Act

1234. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) whether any protest has been received against the recent amendment to the Indian Telegraph Act which stitpulates that the ordinary telegrams, other than those conveying news of deaths or accidents, would neither be accepted nor delivered before 7.00 hrs; and after 17.00 hrs.;

(b) whether it is against the fast communication policy and is likely to cause inconvenience to the poor; and

(c) whether Government are considering to withdraw this amendment?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (a) Yes, Sir. A few protests have been received in this regard.

(b) No, Sir. Based on the recommendations, of Committee on Telecommunications the restrictions were imposed in order to smoothen the traffic flow and to quicken the process of telegram handling. The implementation of this scheme has resulted in improvement of disposal of telegrams in the telegraph offices. This policy is not causing inconvenience to the

poor, since private personal category of telegrams containing information of serious sickness, arrivals, departures intimation of interview calls, results etc. are still accepted as ordinary telegrams. For other category of telegrams express class still exists without any restriction.

(c) No, Sir.

Electricity connections in Saleemagarh Railway Colony

1235. SHRI PRITHIBI MAJHI: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that domestic electricity connections have not been provided in all the dwelling units in Saleemagarh Railway Colony, Delhi since 1950;

(b) whether it is a fact that several representations have been made to Government by the residents of this colony in this regard; and

(c) if so, what are the reasons for discriminating against this colony vis-a-vis other J. J. Colonies in the matter of domestic electricity connections?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF POWER, AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRIMATI SUSHILA ROHATGI): (a) to (c) It appears that the Hon'ble Member is referring to the dwelling units which have come up by the side of the Railway Colony Saleemgarh, Delhi which are unauthorised structures. As per the available record, Department of Railways and Delhi Electric Supply Undertaking have not received any formal request for their electrification. Department of Railways and Delhi Electric Supply Undertaking do not provide electricity to unauthorised structures.

Uprooting of Forests for setting up of Power Projects

1236. SHRI PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state.

(a) what is the total forest area likely to be involved in the setting up power projects in the country during the current Five Year Plan period and what is the amount of energy that will be so produced; and

(b) what are the proposed rehabilitation programmes for the people particularly the tribals who will be dislocated from such areas?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF POWER, AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRIMATI SUSHILA ROHATGI): (a) and (b) A capacity addition of 22,245 MW is envisaged during the Seventh Plan period. A majority of the projects are in the State Sector and the direct responsibility for their implementation lies with the State Governments concerned. The project authorities obtain forest clearance directly. Therefore, information regarding the forest area affected and the rehabilitation programme is not available. The energy generation from the targeted capacity addition during the Seventh Plan period is anticipated as 82 billion units approximately.

Oil exploration in Orissa

1237. SHRI GANESHWAR KUSUM: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the public sector oil companies which have been entrusted with the task of oil exploration in the onshore and offshore areas in Orissa during the Seventh Plan period;

(b) whether Oil India Limited has also been given the task to undertake oil exploration in these areas; and

(c) if so, what are the details of progress made so far in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF POWER, AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRIMATI SUSHILA ROHATGI): (a) and (b) Oil India Limited is operating in the Mahanadi basin, on land and offshore.